Pest Profile



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Common Name: Sonoran Tent Caterpillar

Scientific Name: Malacosoma tigris

Order and Family: Lepidoptera, Lasiocampidae

Size and Appearance:

	Length (mm)	Appearance
Egg		
Larva/Nymph	> 38.1 mm	 black and orange stripes with blue lines crossing each body segment
	30.1	 hairy to the touch
Adult		moth are brown to yellowish
		 two faint lines across the front wings
	25.4 mm (wingspan)	 head region will be somewhat furry
Pupa (if applicable)		 cocoons constructed of silk, are loose and have a white or yellowish crystalline substance scattered throughout the mass

Type of feeder (Chewing, sucking, etc.): Chewing (caterpillar)

Host plant/s: Mostly Gamble oak but will feed on other oaks or deciduous trees.

Description of Damage (larvae and adults):

Fortunately, the Sonoran tent caterpillar is not much of a concern in regards to plant damage (forest tent caterpillars ARE a concern). However, tent caterpillars create silk shelters, which are very noticeable as they gather in large numbers/colonies. Furthermore, the only damage a person should look for is early season defoliation on stressed plants.

References:

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- Jackman, J. A. (2004). Tent Caterpillars. Texas Agricultural Extension Service. Retrieved February 07, 2016, from http://counties.agrilife.org/somervell/files/2015/03/tent-caterpillars.pdf