# 2004 CORN ROOTWORM SOIL INSECTICIDE / SEED TREATMENT EFFICACY AND YIELD EXPERIMENT

University of Nebraska Agricultural Research and Development Center Mead, Nebraska

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Department of Entomology University of Nebraska Lincoln, Nebraska 68583-0816 Background information pertaining to the experiment conducted at the ARDC, near Mead, Nebraska during 2004.

Background Information - Agronomic	Background Information - Entomology		
Experimental Design	Environmental Conditions at Planting		
Rainfall and Irrigation	Root Damage Evaluations		

#### Agronomic

Hybrids: DKC 60-15, DKC-12

Row Spacing: 30 inches
Planting Date: 23 April 2004

Planter: Kinze model 2100, 4 row cone

Planting Depth: 2 inches

Application Equipment: Granular insecticide

Planting: planter mounted cone-belt system

Liquid insecticide

Planter mounted CO<sub>2</sub> pressurized sprayer

Field Preparation: 20 April 2004 - disked

Herbicides Applied: 23 April 2004: Harness Xtra, 2.5 qt/A, pre emerge

10 June 2004: 1.0 oz Permit + 0.67 oz Accent / A

Fertilizer Applied: 150 lb. N/A applied as NH<sub>3</sub>, 15 April 2004

Previous Crop: Continuous corn (trap crop)

Harvest date: Hand harvested 100 ft of center two rows per plot, October 2004

Soil Information:

Type: Silty clay loam

 Ph:
 6.4

 CEC:
 29.4

 % organic matter:
 2.8

 % clay:
 29.05

 % silt:
 66.67

 % sand:
 4.28

Plant Population: There were significant differences (P < 0.05) among treatment

stand count means at harvest. Final stand counts presented in Table 1.

Insecticide History: Insecticide free: 1997, 1999, 2001, 2003

Multiclass soil insecticide trials: 1996, 1998, 2000, 2002

#### Entomological

Species present: Northern corn rootworm, *Diabrotica barberi* Smith and Lawrence, and western corn rootworm, *D. virgifera virgifera* LeConte. Initial rootworm egg hatch occurred between 22-23 May 2004 (predominantly western corn rootworm).

Root Evaluation: 1-6 (Hills and Peters 1971) and 0-3 root rating scales (J. Oleson, Iowa State University) were used to evaluate larval corn rootworm damage in each treatment. Five roots per replication were evaluated in each treatment.

Root Evaluation Date: 14 July 2004

#### Experimental Design

Design: Randomized complete block design

Replicated four times Four-row treatments

Row Length: 60 feet

Statistical Analysis: <u>Stand Counts, Root Ratings, Yields:</u> Used SAS Mixed Procedure;

Protected LSD test was used for mean separation ( $P \le 0.05$ ).

#### Environmental

# Conditions at planting:

Air temperature: 24EC

Wind speed: 12 mph at 5 ft height

Wind direction: N - NE
Soil temperature 2" depth: 17EC
Soil temperature surface: 27EC

Soil moisture, 0-3" depth: 9 % water (gravimetric method) % cloud cover: 70 % cloud cover (high haze)

% relative humidity: not recorded

Residue on surface: 20% of soil surface covered with crop residue; soil moist, some

clods on surface

### Rainfall

**April** 09 0.039 inches

18 0.039 inches

20 0.039 inches

24 0.787 inches

Total 0.904 inches

May 01 0.039 inches

10 0.512 inches

12 0.039 inches

13 0.079 inches

14 0.039 inches

15 0.039 inches

16 0.039 inches

17 0.039 inches

18 0.118 inches

22 1.890 inches

24 0.236 inches

26 0.157 inches

29 1.063 inches

Total 4.289 inches

**June** 05 0.236 inches 12 2.323 inches 13 0.079 inches 15 0.118 inches 18 0.236 inches 21 0.236 inches 24 0.039 inches **3.267** inches Total **July** 02 0.906 inches 03 0.236 inches 05 0.157 inches 06 0.079 inches 07 0.354 inches 08 0.039 inches 11 0.118 inches 14 0.236 inches 22 0.039 inches 23 0.039 inches 24 0.039 inches 29 0.039 inches 30 0.039 inches **2.320** inches Total

August 08 0.039 inches

12 0.039 inches

25 1.496 inches

Total 1.574 inches

# Irrigation:

Sprinkler irrigation was applied periodically as needed.

**July** 02 1.0 inch

20 1.0 inch

21 1.0 inch

30 1.5 inch

August 17 0.5 inch

Table 1. 2004 Corn Rootworm Soil Insecticide / Neonicotinoid Seed Treatment Efficacy and Yield Experiment

University of Nebraska Agricultural Research and Development Center, near Mead, NE

# Root Damage Rating, Final Stand, and Lodging <u>+</u> SE

Treatment	Treatment Rate	Mean Root Rating <sup>1</sup> 1 - 6 Scale	Mean Root Rating <sup>1</sup> 0 - 3 Scale	Final Stand <sup>2</sup>	Percentage Lodging <sup>3</sup>
MON 863 DKC 60-12 plus Poncho 250	Clothianidin 0.25 mg ai/seed	$2.25 \pm 0.2a$	$0.08 \pm 0.03a$	143.0 <u>+</u> 6.5a	$0.0 \pm 0.0$
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Poncho 1250 and Force 3G	Force 3.0G 0.12 oz ai/1000' T-band Clothianidin 1.25 mg ai/seed	$2.50 \pm 0.1$ ab	$0.14 \pm 0.01a$	146.7 <u>+</u> 6.0a	$0.0 \pm 0.0$
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Regent 4 SC	0.13 lb ai/A, 5 gpa microtube infurrow application	$3.15 \pm 0.3$ abc	$0.62 \pm 0.2$ ab	146.0 ± 2.3a	1.9 <u>+</u> 1.0
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Force 3G	Force 3.0G 0.12 oz ai/1000' T-band	$3.40 \pm 0.6$ bc	$0.85 \pm 0.6$ ab	149.7 ± 3.1a	$2.6 \pm 1.0$
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Poncho 1250	Clothianidin 1.25 mg ai/seed	$3.80 \pm 0.3$ cd	$1.16 \pm 0.3$ bc	150.5 ± 6.3a	$5.1 \pm 2.6$
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Poncho 250	Clothianidin 0.25 mg ai/seed	$4.50 \pm 0.3$ de	$1.75 \pm 0.2$ cd	149.0 <u>+</u> 5.8a	24.5 ± 2.9
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Cruiser 5 FS	Thiamethoxam 1.25 mg ai/seed	4.85 <u>+</u> 0.3ef	2.06 ± 0.2de	147.2 <u>+</u> 1.9a	29.4 ± 8.8
Isoline DKC 60-15		5.75 <u>+</u> 0.2f	2.83 ± 0.1e	93.5 <u>+</u> 3.0	

Planting date: 23 April 2004; Plot size: four rows x 60 ft per treatment per replication, 4 replications; means within columns followed by the same letter are not significantly different (P > 0.05, Fishers Protected LSD Test).

Root evaluation date: 14 July 2004, rated 5 roots per treatment per replication

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Final stand = number of plants per 100 ft harvested in two center rows of each plot, stands recorded during October 2004

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percentage lodging = proportion of final stand leaning >45 degree angle x 100

Table 2. 2004 Corn Rootworm Soil Insecticide / Neonicotinoid Seed Treatment Efficacy and Yield Experiment University of Nebraska Agricultural Research and Development Center, near Mead, NE Yield  $\pm$  SE

Treatment	Treatment Rate	Bulk Yield <sup>1</sup> Per Acre (bushels)	Yield Per <sup>2</sup> Plant (lbs)
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Poncho 1250 and Force 3G	Force 3.0G 0.12 oz ai/1000' T-band Clothianidin 1.25 mg ai/seed	$217.50 \pm 8.0 \text{ a}$	$0.478 \pm 0.02a$
MON 863 DKC 60-12 plus Poncho 250	Clothianidin 0.25 mg ai/seed	$214.00 \pm 7.2 \text{ a}$	$0.482 \pm 0.01$ a
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Regent 4 SC	0.13 lb ai/A, 5 gpa microtube infurrow application	209.67 ± 4.1a	$0.462 \pm 0.01$ ab
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Force 3G	Force 3.0G 0.12 oz ai/1000' T-band	208.36 ± 8.8 a	$0.448 \pm 0.02$ ab
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Poncho 1250	Clothianidin 1.25 mg ai/seed	204.32 <u>+</u> 4.5 a	$0.438 \pm 0.01$ ab
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Poncho 250	Clothianidin 0.25 mg ai/seed	200.69 ± 8.8 a	$0.432 \pm 0.01$ ab
Isoline DKC 60-15 plus Cruiser 5 FS	Thiamethoxam 1.25 mg ai/seed	190.86 ± 7.4 a	0.416 ± 0.01 b
Isoline DKC 60-15		117.99 ± 21.4 b	$0.313 \pm 0.04 \mathrm{c}$

Planting date: 23 April 2004; Plot size: four rows x 60 ft per treatment per replication, 4 replications; means within columns followed by the same letter are not significantly different (P > 0.05, Fishers Protected LSD Test)

<sup>1</sup> Bulk yields: hand harvested and shelled middle 50 ft of the two inside rows / plot during October 2004, presented as bushels of corn @ 15.5% moisture

<sup>2</sup> Yield per plant = lbs. bulk yield divided by final stand count